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estimates stats — Model-selection statistics

Description Options Also see Quick start Remarks and examples Menu Stored results Syntax Methods and formulas

Description

estimates stats reports model-selection statistics, including the Akaike (AIC), consistent Akaike's (CAIC), corrected Akaike's (AICc), and Schwarz's Bayesian (BIC) information criteria. These measures are appropriate for maximum likelihood models.

If estimates stats is used for a non-likelihood-based model, such as qreg, missing values are reported.

Quick start

Display AIC and BIC for last estimation command estimates stats

Display AIC and BIC for stored estimates m1 and m2 estimates stats m1 m2

Same as above, but display CAIC instead of AIC estimates stats m1 m2, aicconsistent

Same as above, but display AICc instead of AIC estimates stats m1 m2, aiccorrected

Same as above, but display all AIC, BIC, AICc, and CAIC estimates stats m1 m2, all

Specify $N=1{,}000$ for calculation of BIC estimates stats, n(1000)

Same as above, but use 10 degrees of freedom estimates stats, n(1000) df(10)

Menu

Statistics > Postestimation

```
estimates stats [namelist] [, options]
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where *namelist* is a name, a list of names, _all, or *. A name may be ., meaning the current (active) estimates. _all and * mean the same thing.

options	Description
<u>aiccor</u> rected	report AICc instead of AIC
<u>aiccon</u> sistent	report CAIC instead of AIC
all	report all four information criteria: AIC, BIC, AICc, and CAIC
n(#)	specify N to be used in calculating BIC, AICc, and CAIC; see [R] ${\bf IC}$ note
df(#)	specify degrees of freedom k to be used in calculating AIC, BIC, AICc, and CAIC
icdetail	produce a table showing the type of N used in BIC, AICc, and CAIC calculation

collect is allowed; see [U] 11.1.10 Prefix commands.

Options

aiccorrected specifies that AICc be computed instead of AIC. This information criterion is a second-order approximation and is recommended for small sample sizes.

Only one of aiccorrected, aicconsistent, or all is allowed.

aicconsistent specifies that CAIC be computed instead of AIC. This information criterion is a consistent version of AIC; that is, the probability of selecting the "true model" approaches 1 as sample size increases.

Only one of aicconsistent, aiccorrected, or all is allowed.

all produces a table showing all four information criteria: AIC, BIC, AICc, and CAIC.

Only one of all, aiccorrected, or aicconsistent is allowed.

- n(#) specifies N to be used in calculating BIC, AICc, and CAIC; see [R] IC note.
- df(#) specifies degrees of freedom k to be used in calculating AIC, BIC, AICe, and CAIC. By default, k is the number of estimated parameters.
- icdetail produces a table showing the type of N used in BIC, AICc, and CAIC calculations. Most estimation commands use the number of observations in the estimation sample for the information criteria. For some models, however, other types of N, such as the number of cases in choice models, should be used. When the default table of estimates stats contains more than one type of N, specifying icdetail allows you to see the different types of N used for BIC, AICc, and CAIC.

Remarks and examples

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If you type estimates stats without arguments, a table for the most recent estimation results will be shown:

- . use https://www.stata-press.com/data/r18/auto (1978 automobile data)
- . logistic foreign mpg weight displ (output omitted)
- . estimates stats

Akaike's information criterion and Bayesian information criterion

Model	N	11(null)	ll(model)	df	AIC	BIC
•	74	-45.03321	-20.59083	4	49.18167	58.39793

Note: BIC uses N = number of observations. See [R] IC note.

Regarding the note at the bottom of the table, N is an ingredient in the calculation of BIC, AICc, and CAIC; see [R] IC note. The note changes if you specify the n() option, which tells estimates stats what N to use. By default, N is the number of observations used in fitting the model.

Regarding the table itself, 11(null) is the log likelihood for the constant-only model, 11(model) is the log likelihood for the model, df is the number of degrees of freedom, and AIC and BIC are the Akaike and Bayesian information criteria, respectively.

Models with smaller values of an information criterion are considered preferable.

estimates stats can compare estimation results:

- . use https://www.stata-press.com/data/r18/auto (1978 automobile data)
- . logistic foreign mpg weight displ (output omitted)
- . estimates store full
- . logistic foreign mpg weight (output omitted)
- . estimates store sub
- . estimates stats full sub

Akaike's information criterion and Bayesian information criterion

Model	N	ll(null)	ll(model)	df	AIC	BIC
full sub		-45.03321 -45.03321		4	49.18167 60.35031	58.39793 67.26251

Note: BIC uses N = number of observations. See [R] IC note.

You can use option all to compare the models based on all four information criteria

. estimates stats full sub, all

Information criteria

Model	N	11(null)	ll(model)	df
full sub	74 74	-45.03321 -45.03321		4

Note: BIC, AICc, and CAIC use N = number of observations. See [R] IC note.

CAIC	AICc	BIC	AIC	Model
62.39793	49.76138	58.39793	49.18167	full
70.26251	60.69317	67.26251	60.35031	sub

Legend: AIC is Akaike's information criterion.

BIC is Bayesian information criterion.

AICc is corrected Akaike's information criterion. CAIC is consistent Akaike's information criterion.

All four information criteria suggest that the full model is preferable.

Stored results

estimates stats stores the following in r():

Matrices

r(S) matrix with columns (N, 11(null), 11(model), df, and information criteria) and rows corresponding to models in the table

Methods and formulas

See [R] IC note.

Also see

[R] estimates — Save and manipulate estimation results

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