

diagonal() — Extract diagonal into column vector

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Description

`diagonal(A)` extracts the diagonal of A and returns it in a column vector.

Syntax

numeric colvector `diagonal(numeric matrix A)`

Remarks and examples

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`diagonal()` may be used with nonsquare matrices.

Do not confuse `diagonal()` with its functional inverse, `diag()`; see [M-5] [diag\(\)](#). `diagonal()` extracts the diagonal of a matrix into a vector; `diag()` creates a diagonal matrix from a vector.

Conformability

`diagonal(A)`:

A: $r \times c$
result: $\min(r, c) \times 1$

Diagnostics

None.

Also see

[M-5] [blockdiag\(\)](#) — Block-diagonal matrix

[M-5] [diag\(\)](#) — Create diagonal matrix

[M-5] [isdiagonal\(\)](#) — Whether matrix is diagonal

[M-4] [Manipulation](#) — Matrix manipulation

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